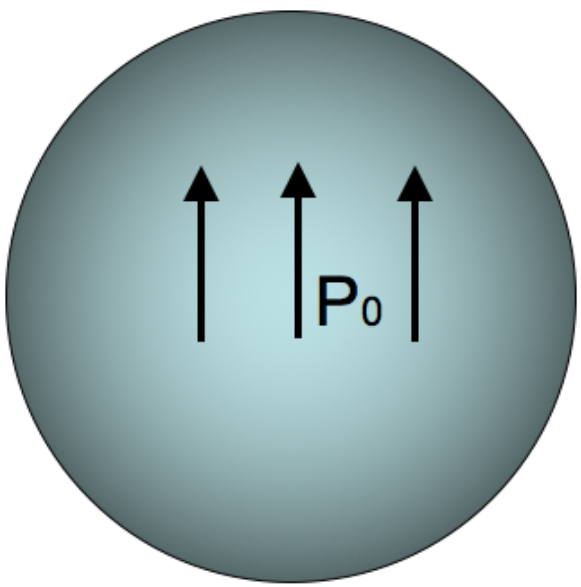
A dielectric sphere is uniformly polarized,

$$\mathbf{P} = +P_0\hat{z}$$

What is the volume charge density?

A. 0
B. Non-zero Constant
C. Depends on $r$, but not $\theta$
D. Depends on $\theta$, but not $r$
E. ?



# ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Exam 2 (Wednesday, November 6th 7-9pm)
- Covers through Homework 9 (solutions posted after class)
- "Comprehensive" exam (need to remember old stuff)
- 1 sheet of your own notes; old exam and formula sheet will be posted

# WHAT'S ON EXAM 2?

- Using Legendre polynomials and separation of variables in spherical coordinates, solve for the potential and distribution of charge in a boundary value problem
- Using the multipole expansion, find the approximate form of the potential for a distribution of charge
- Determine the bound charge in a material with a given polarization
- Find the electric potential for a 1D Laplace problem
- (BONUS) Solve a 3D Laplace problem

Are $\rho_b$ and $\sigma_b$ due to real charges?

A. Of course not! They are as fictitious as it gets!
B. Of course they are! They are as real as it gets!
C. I have no idea

If you put a polarizable material (a dielectric) in an external field $\mathbf{E}_e$, it polarizes, adding a new field, $\mathbf{E}_p$ (from the bound charges). These superpose, making a total field, $\mathbf{E}_T$. What is the vector equation relating these three fields?

A. $\mathbf{E}_T + \mathbf{E}_e + \mathbf{E}_p = 0$
B. $\mathbf{E}_T = \mathbf{E}_e - \mathbf{E}_p$
C. $\mathbf{E}_T = \mathbf{E}_e + \mathbf{E}_p$
D. $\mathbf{E}_T = -\mathbf{E}_e + \mathbf{E}_p$
E. Something else