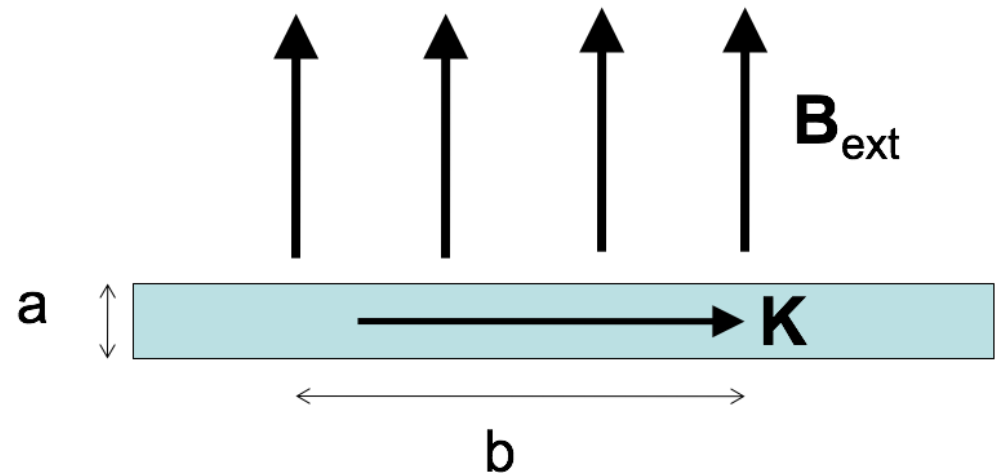


A "ribbon" (width  $a$ ) with uniform surface current density  $K$  passes through a uniform magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}_{ext}$ . Only the length  $b$  along the ribbon is in the field. What is the magnitude of the force on the ribbon?

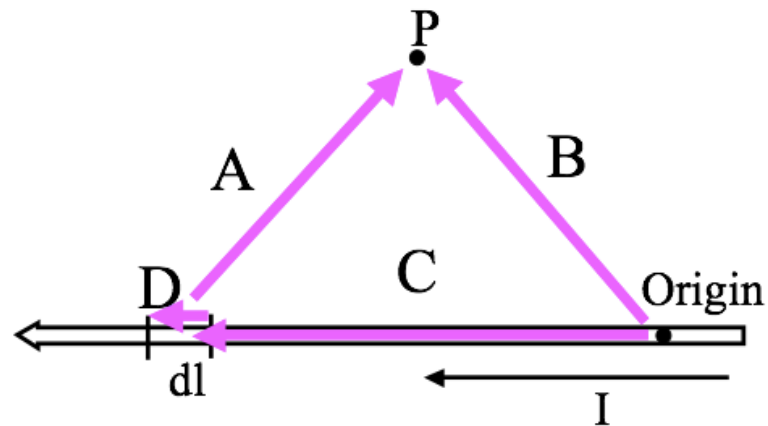
- A.  $KB$
- B.  $aKB$
- C.  $abKB$
- D.  $bKB/a$
- E.  $KB/(ab)$



To find the magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}$  at P due to a current-carrying wire we use the Biot-Savart law,

$$\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I \int \frac{d\mathbf{l} \times \hat{\mathcal{R}}}{\mathcal{R}^2}$$

In the figure, with  $d\mathbf{l}$  shown, which purple vector best represents  $\mathcal{R}$ ?



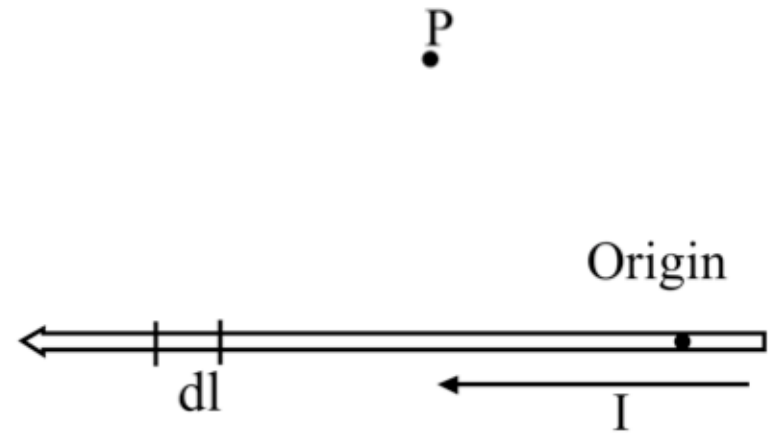
E) None of these!

To find the magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}$  at P due to a current-carrying wire we use the Biot-Savart law,

$$\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I \int \frac{d\mathbf{l} \times \hat{\mathbf{R}}}{R^2}$$

What is the direction of the infinitesimal contribution  $\mathbf{B}(P)$  created by current in  $d\mathbf{l}$ ?

- A. Up the page
- B. Directly away from  $d\mathbf{l}$  (in the plane of the page)
- C. Into the page
- D. Out of the page
- E. Some other direction



What is the magnitude of  $\frac{d\mathbf{l} \times \hat{\mathcal{R}}}{\mathcal{R}^2}$ ?

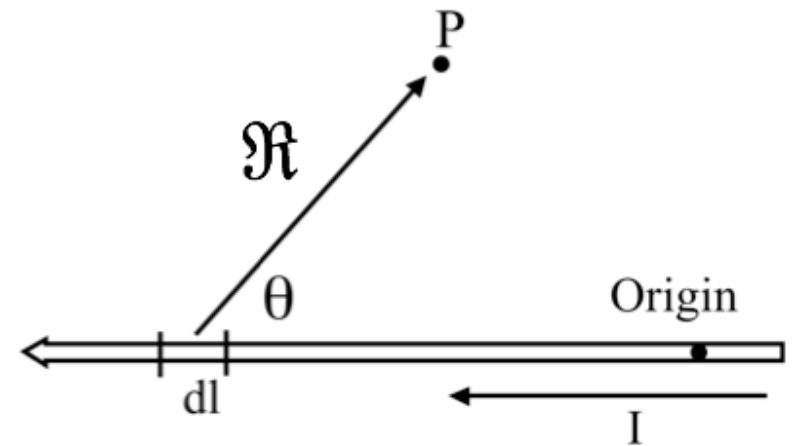
A.  $\frac{dl \sin \theta}{\mathcal{R}^2}$

B.  $\frac{dl \sin \theta}{\mathcal{R}^3}$

C.  $\frac{dl \cos \theta}{\mathcal{R}^2}$

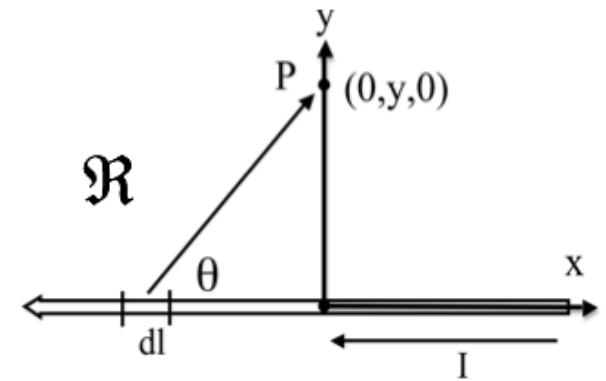
D.  $\frac{dl \cos \theta}{\mathcal{R}^3}$

E. something else!

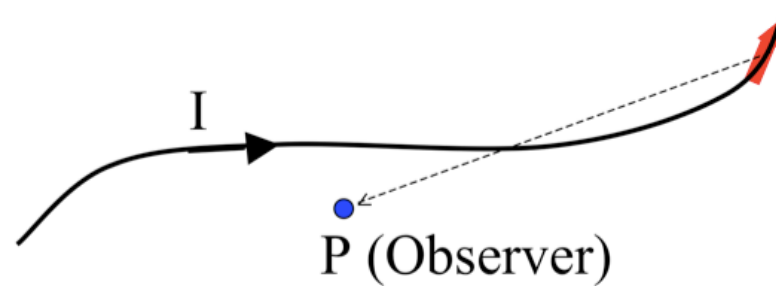


What is the value of  $I \frac{d\mathbf{l} \times \hat{\mathcal{R}}}{\mathcal{R}^2}$ ?

- A.  $\frac{I y dx'}{[(x')^2 + y^2]^{3/2}} \hat{z}$
- B.  $\frac{I x' dx'}{[(x')^2 + y^2]^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- C.  $\frac{-I x' dx'}{[(x')^2 + y^2]^{3/2}} \hat{y}$
- D.  $\frac{-I y dx'}{[(x')^2 + y^2]^{3/2}} \hat{z}$
- E. Other!



What do you expect for direction of  $\mathbf{B}(P)$ ? How about direction of  $d\mathbf{B}(P)$  generated JUST by the segment of current  $d\mathbf{I}$  in red?



- A.  $\mathbf{B}(P)$  in plane of page, ditto for  $d\mathbf{B}(P, \text{ by red})$
- B.  $\mathbf{B}(P)$  into page,  $d\mathbf{B}(P, \text{ by red})$  into page
- C.  $\mathbf{B}(P)$  into page,  $d\mathbf{B}(P, \text{ by red})$  out of page
- D.  $\mathbf{B}(P)$  complicated, ditto for  $d\mathbf{B}(P, \text{ by red})$
- E. Something else!!