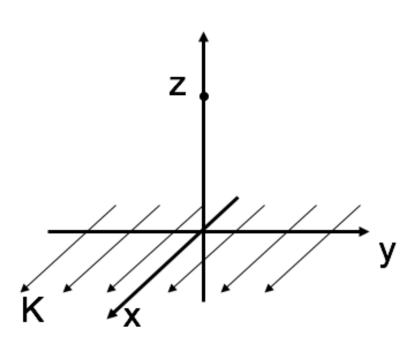
Consider the B-field a distance z from a current sheet (flowing in the +x-direction) in the z = 0 plane. The B-field has:



A. y-component only

B. z-component only

C. y and z-components

D. x, y, and z-components

E. Other

I will be in class on Wednesday.

A. Yup

B. Nope, hoss, I'll be out.

An infinite solenoid with surface current density K is oriented along the z-axis. To use Ampere's Law, we need to argue what we think  $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r})$  depends on and which way it points.

For this solenoid,  $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r}) =$ 

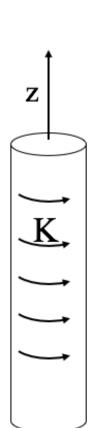
A. 
$$B(z) \hat{z}$$

B. 
$$B(z) \hat{\phi}$$

$$C. B(s) \hat{z}$$

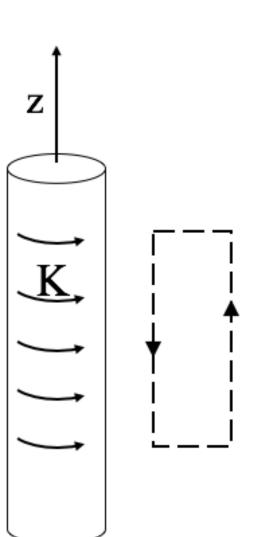
D. 
$$B(s) \hat{\phi}$$

E. Something else?



An infinite solenoid with surface current density K is oriented along the z-axis. Apply Ampere's Law to the rectangular imaginary loop in the yz plane shown. What does this tell you about  $B_z$ , the z-component of the B-field outside the solenoid?

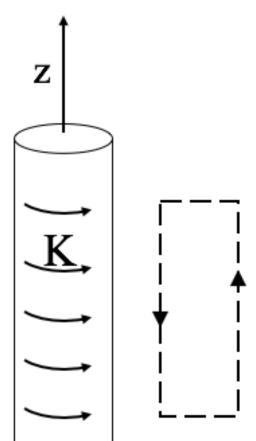
- A.  $B_z$  is constant outside
- B.  $B_z$  is zero outside
- C.  $B_z$  is not constant outside
- D. It tells you nothing about  $B_z$



An infinite solenoid with surface current density K is oriented along the z-axis. Apply Ampere's Law to the rectangular imaginary loop in the yz plane shown. We can safely assume that  $B(s \to \infty) = 0$ . What does this tell you about the B-field outside the solenoid?



- B.  $|\mathbf{B}|$  is zero outside
- C.  $|\mathbf{B}|$  is not constant outside
- D. We still don't know anything about  $|\mathbf{B}|$



## What do we expect $\mathbf{B}(\mathbf{r})$ to look like for the infinite sheet of current shown below?

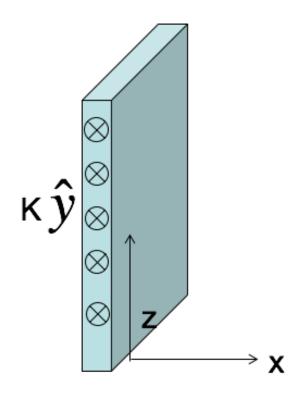
A.  $B(x)\hat{x}$ 

B.  $B(z)\hat{x}$ 

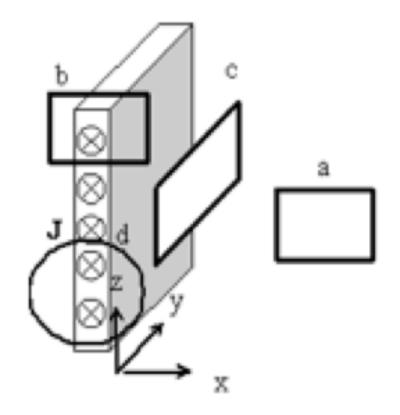
C.  $B(x)\hat{z}$ 

D.  $B(z)\hat{z}$ 

E. Something else



## Which Amperian loop are useful to learn about B(x, y, z) somewhere?



E. More than 1