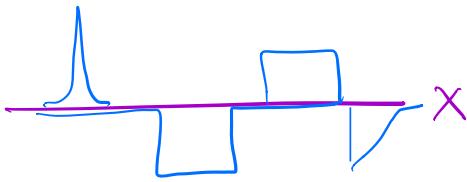


## 1D Wells

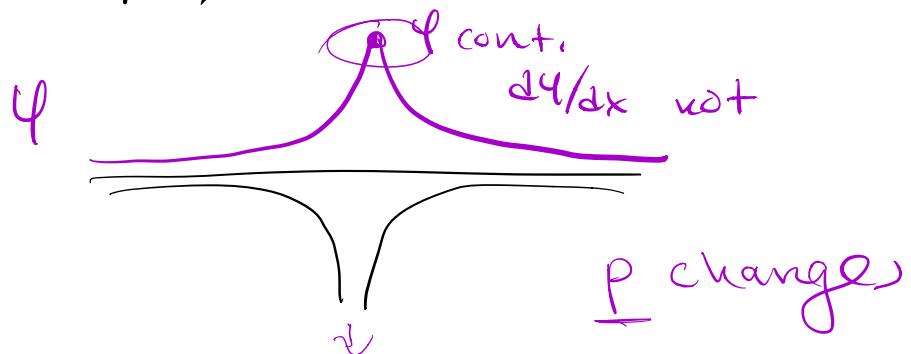


- ✓ ① Sketch the well
- ✓ ② Write  $H|E\rangle = E|E\rangle$  for each region
- ③ Determine general solns. (know  $E, V_0$  relations)
- ④ Match BC's.  $\psi$  continuous  $\rightarrow \frac{d\psi}{dx}$  continuous unless  $V \rightarrow \infty$
- ⑤ Find  $E$  or  $E$  relationship  
 $\Rightarrow$  a lot of algebra

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \left\{ \left| \frac{d\psi_E}{dx} \right|_{L+\varepsilon} - \left| \frac{d\psi_E}{dx} \right|_{L-\varepsilon} \right\} = +\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \int_{L-\varepsilon}^{L+\varepsilon} V(x) \psi_E(x) dx$$

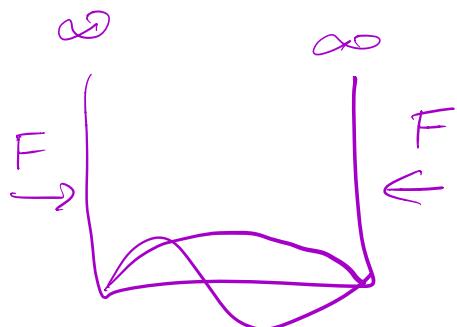
$V(x)$  well behaved goes to zero.

$$V(x) \rightarrow \infty \quad L+\varepsilon \rightarrow L-\varepsilon$$

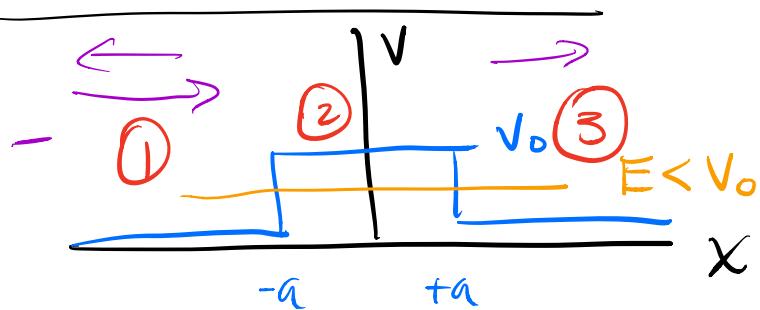


$$\hat{p} \propto \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \propto F$$



Ex: Potential Barrier



① & ③

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \psi_E = E \psi_E \quad \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \psi_E = -\frac{2mE}{\hbar^2} \psi_E$$

$$k^2 = \frac{2mE}{\hbar^2} > 0$$

$$② \left( -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + V_0 \right) \psi_E = E \psi_E$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dx^2} \psi_E = -\frac{2m}{\hbar^2} \underbrace{(E - V_0)}_{\sim} \psi_E$$

$$\frac{d^2 \psi_E}{dx^2} = \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (V_0 - E) \psi_E$$

$E < V_0$

$\gamma^2 > 0$

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} Ae^{ikx} + Be^{-ikx} & x < -a \\ [Ce^{\gamma x} + De^{-\gamma x}] & -a < x < a \\ Fe^{ikx} + Ge^{-ikx} & x > a \end{cases}$$


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$$T = \frac{|F|^2}{|A|^2} \quad R = \frac{|B|^2}{|A|^2}$$

$G=0$  no particles  
 to left  
 eliminate C & D  
 for A, B, F

$\psi(-a)$  &  $\psi(a)$  are continuous }

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{xa}$$

is continuous

$$T = \frac{1 + \frac{(k^2 + g^2)^2 \sinh^2(2qa)}{4k^2g^2}}{1}$$

$$R = 1 - T = \frac{1 + \frac{4k^2g^2}{(k^2 + g^2) \sinh^2(2qa)}}{1}$$

high E

$$T \rightarrow 1 \quad R \rightarrow 0$$

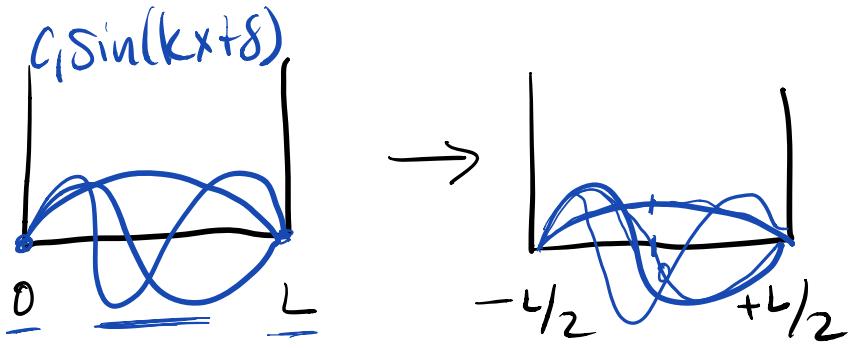
set  $2qa = n\pi \rightarrow$  energy resonances

Delta Functions  $\rightarrow$  BCs.

Match BC's in general

Delta func  $\rightarrow$  Normalization

⇒ Energy eigenstates vs. position rep  
of eigenstates



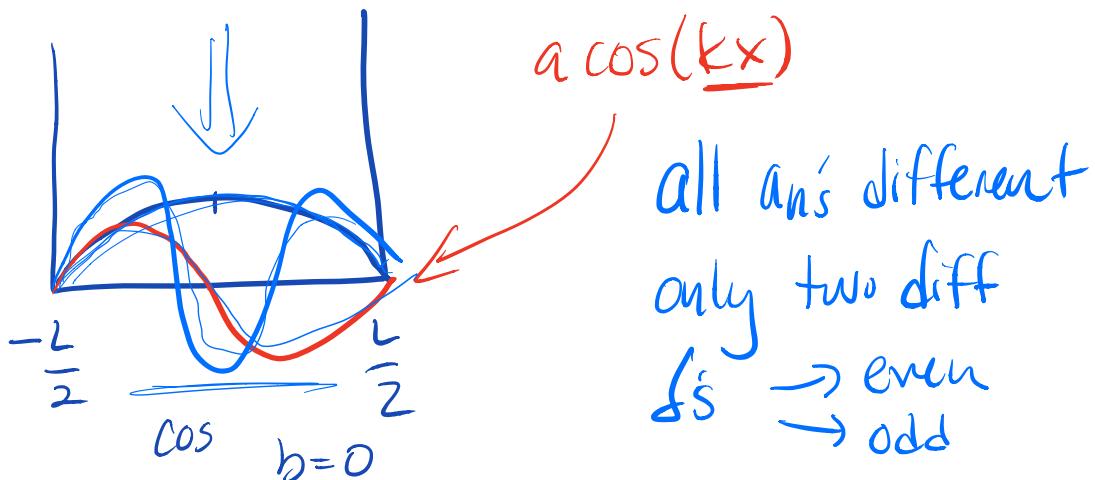
$$\psi(x) = A e^{ikx} + B e^{-ikx}$$

$$a \cos(kx) + b \sin(kx) \leftarrow$$

$c_1 \sin(kx + \delta) \notin$  vs?

$c_2 \cos(kx + \delta)$

$$a \cos(kx) + b \sin(kx) = c_1 \sin(kx + \delta)$$



ket notation. abstract notation

$|E_n\rangle \leftarrow$  energy eigenstate  
for some QM sys.

$$H|E_n\rangle = E_n|E_n\rangle$$

$\Psi_n(x) = \langle x | E_n \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{2}{L}} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right)$

project onto x basis

$$H_{\text{sys}} \Psi_n(x) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \frac{d^2}{dx^2} \Psi_n(x) = E_n \Psi_n(x)$$

$$\phi_p(p) = \langle p | E_n \rangle$$

project onto p basis

if you can : work w/ kets!

$$|\Psi\rangle = a|E_1\rangle + b|E_2\rangle + c\dots$$

$$|\Psi\rangle = a|\rho_1\rangle + b|\rho_2\rangle \dots$$

$\hat{p}$

$\hat{H}$

$\hat{x}$